







PUBLISHED 4 TIMES A YEAR BY TESOL GREECE DISTRIBUTED FREE TO ALL MEMBERS

NEWSLETTER

No 137 • January-March 2018 TESOL Greece 3 Nikitara,106 78 Athens, Greece

website: www.tesolgreece.org

ΚΩΔΙΚΟΣ: 1258





35th International Publishers Exhibition

Thessaloniki

The MET Hotel 26th October 48

Sunday 11 March 2018 10.00 - 18.00

Athens

Divani Caravel Hotel Vas. Alexandrou Ave 2

Saturday 17 March 2018 10.00 - 18.00 Sunday 18 March 2018 10.00 - 18.00

- 30 exhibitors in Thessaloniki 36 exhibitors in Athens, including all prominent foreign and Greek publishers & all major examination boards
- Seminars, workshops and presentations with speakers from all over Europe. Special guest speakers Gavin Dudeney and John Protopapadakis
- Foreign Language School Owners' Discussion Groups on Sunday, 11 March 2018 in Thessaloniki & Sunday, 18 March 2018 in Athens
- New books, software, teaching materials & examinations in English, French, German, Italian, Russian and Spanish



Download the detailed programme from:

www.ip-exhibitions.eu

or write for a free copy to: International Publishers, Chariton 5, Paleo Faliro 17564





Dietschi Educational Services



SUNDAY, 11 MARCH 2018, 18.00-21.00 THE MET HOTEL, THESSALONIKI

SATURDAY, 17 MARCH 2018, 18.00-21.00 DIVANI CARAVEL HOTEL, ATHENS

LEARNING IN HAND - MOBILE DEVICES: THE TOOLS STUDENTS LOVE TO USE

In this highly-practical workshop we will look at what mobile and handheld learning really are, and how they can easily be implemented in any classroom. We start by defining mobile learning and considering the pros and cons of a mobile approach in education, before moving on to consider how mobile devices might be successfully integrated into our daily teaching in a principled way. This active workshop features a number of practical teaching ideas as well as tools and apps which are immediately applicable in any context, with any level of learner.

Provided Certification of Attendance

Participation Fee € 40 - Early Bird until 27th February: € 30



Gavin is Director of Technology for The Consultants-E - working in online training and consultancy in EdTech - and also module leader

Since the number of participants is limited please book your seat as early as possible at: www.des.org.gr

DES - Dietschi Educational Services

The Study Rooms

Chariton 5, GR 17564 Paleo Faliro, Tel. +30 211 715 7375 info@des.org.gr | www.des.org.gr

Kifissias 10, GR 11526 Athens, Tel. +30 210 771 7000 info@thestudyrooms.gr | www.thestudyrooms.gr

Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages



Τοιμηνιαία Έκδοση

Ένωση για τη διδασκαλία της Αγγλικής γλώσσας στην Ελλάδα A volunteer non-profit professional association

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Letter from the Chair

Dear friends of TESOL Greece,

Only a few days left until the 39th TESOL Greece Annual International Convention. We are very happy to welcome 86 presenters delivering 70 talks and workshops.

It is also with great pleasure that we welcome the University of Athens Strand. 5 presentations by the students -future colleagues- of the Department of English Language and Literature.

Since this is the last issue of the year, one would expect a detailed account of what was achieved this year. Instead, I would like to save that for my report at the AGA and give thanks to:



Maria Makra Christina Chorianopoulou Eleni Kampadaki Matina Katseli Marina Pantazi **Suzanne Antonaros Paul Bouniol** Stella Floras **Theresa Portell** Vasiliki Lismani Evi Kourti Eva Panagiotara Maria Chalkiadaki Efi Pelekouda **Thanasis Papadakis** Mary Ntanasi and

for their hard work, dedication and support throughout this year. I am confident that we will deliver a 39th Convention of the highest standard, conducive to the professional development of our members.

Antigoni Konstanti

Finally, special thanks go to my mom and my sister, for their support and particularly for their patience and for covering for me at the school so many times during this busy year.

See you all at the Convention

Georgios Chatzis TESOL Greece Chair

Letter from the Editor

Dear TESOL Greece members,

It has been a remarkable **TESOL** year, filled with activity, initiative and the ever growing family spirit we always experience and try to spread forward

As time draws closer to our 39th Annual International Convention, the Editorial team celebrates Creativity with the latest issue of our Newsletter!



In our Communicating section, Eva Panagiotara reports on our high-spirited Christmas Event and Nick Michelioudakis brings us the second part of his interview with Luke Prodromou, one of the plenary speakers of our 39th Annual International Convention. You can also browse through the **Preliminary Programme** of the **Convention**, have a taste of the first joint BELTA, EFL Talks and TESOL Greece webinars and get information on **International Events** as well.

In ELT Around the World, Matina Katseli reports on the 36th TESOL France Annual Colloquium and in the Developing section, Panaviota Anastasopoulou and Loukia Tsaklari wonder "Is there a Magic Ingredient to Create Effective Learning?" and Zafi Mandali invites you to "Get Your Spelling Bee Bags Ready: Bee Creative".

Our SIG section hosts Theodore Lalos and his intriguing advice on "How Not to Be an Effective Presenter" and in Around the Blogs, Chrysa Papalazarou invites everyone into the world of "Making Meaning: Collective Concept Mapping".

We are looking forward to welcoming all of you at Deree - The American College of Greece, on 3rd-4rth March to enjoy a powerful, developmental and educational event, which will bring together ELT professionals from all over Greece and the world! "Be Creative and Inspire!"



On behalf of the Editorial Team,

Christina Chorianopoulou **TESOL Greece Newsletter Editor 2017-2018**

Christmas Event 2017 "A Merry Tesol Report"

by Eva Panagiotara



It was the most wonderful time of the day! A beautiful Christmas Sunday evening had just started... TESOL elves were ready to spread the Tesol spirit. The presents were

ready, followed by the magical sound of the Yuletide carols. On December 17th, at the superb location of the British Council, the magnificent Christmas adventure was on its way to engage all the attendants of the event. Of course it was an honor to have the stands of «Το χαμόγελο του παιδιού», «Ηλιαχτίδα-Κιβωτός του κόσμου», «ΑΡΧΕΛΩΝ» and «NO SLAVERY-Education for social justice».

Lilian Stathi, the first speaker had a very shiny energy



and, if you noticed, you would even say it glowed. All of the other attendants were amazed by her creative C h r i s t m a s

activities which never let the teachers have doubts about their effectiveness in an EFL classroom. Among these activities, spelling ladders grabbed the teachers' attention, while the stand-up ones entertained them a lot. In this way, the students can make sense of how words are spelled through very entertaining and creative activities that can have amazing effects to both teachers and students. So we didn't really care whether it was "HO HO HO" or "HOW HOW HOW" or "HEW HEW HEW"... We had so much fun that we paid attention to the spelling patterns and the corresponding sound of various lexical items without even realizing it.

But the festive and creative TESOL spirit hadn't gone yet. It was constantly being spread all around the place with the second speaker, Mr. Eftichis Kantarakis, and his special and extraordinarily creative Christmas activities. He managed to problematize the audience and engage them in a different perception of Christmas.

Who is in fact the ideal role-model for our students? Is Santa Claus a role-model, when he's moving from chimney to



chimney with his reindeer-slaves and drinking whiskey with cookies? What about famous singers like Justin Bieber or Miley Cyrus? Are they really good role-models? All these questions, despite their unanswered nature, were answered through the speaker's incredible ability to give a "heavy-metal" sense to the whole Christmas atmosphere. The thing is that role-models can be everywhere, but in case you can't find one..YOU can be the role-model of yourself.

Theodore Lalos then took us on a mission: Could we save Christmas? Under his incredible Escape-Master instruction, we formed teams and began following clues and maps, solving riddles and putting our skills to the test. Not only did we learn many new activities to use with our learners, but we also experienced how 21st Century Skills can be cultivated in our classrooms,

w h i c h e v e r theme we decide to work on. Above all, we had a wonderful time, we managed to save Christmas and



received a sweet reward for our accomplishment!

Eva Panagiotara holds a B.A. in English Language and Literature. She has been teaching in a Private Language Institute since she was 19. She has been involved in various projects that include web 2.0 tools in teaching the young EFL learners. She also works as a dance teacher and a camp leader in the summer. She loves seminars and she is a fluent speaker of French.



Nick Interviews Luke on Creativity and Other Matters (part 2) by Nick Michelioudakis



N. Michelioudakis

Nick: ... [OK—we are back again with Luke, and this time we want to widen our perspective a little... You will notice that the pace is faster here, and it becomes faster still towards the end] OK Luke, we have talked

about creativity quite a bit and I am sure our readers have gained many valuable insights. Now - what about change? What *one* change would you like to see in the way things are done in the ELT classroom?

Luke: Mm. Just one? One only? I would replace formal testing with a portfolio approach, with a strong element of continual assessment .You know the kind of thing: students collect samples of their work throughout the year. And they can include a variety of items, written and spoken, from classroom work or from the real world. The process of growth over the year can be captured in this manner and encourages learners to keep trying as there are no real mistakes only steps in learning. The product element can include tasks set by the teacher and, at the end of the year, the best work of the candidate or student, is chosen.

Nick: Why do you think this approach is so important?

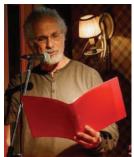
Luke: Above all, because we get away from the problem of putting all our eggs in one basket – a sit-down exam at the end of the year under stressful conditions, which often distorts the students' real potential. It's fairer, it's more educational. And the washback effect, the impact of testing on teaching, becomes positive, not negative, as it is now.

Nick: Let's try to be a little positive, then. You have been in the field for more than 5 years, right? (Just joking...) What would you say has been the most positive development during all this time?

Luke: Tough one. Apart from the portfolio idea and

computer-based language testing—for all the reasons we've discussed in this interview

- I think the most important positive development has been the rise of the so-called 'nonnative speaker' as the equal of the 'native-speaker' within the critical framework of ELF—



L. Prodromou

English as a Lingua Franca . My Ph.D thesis was on English as a Lingua Franca and I explored the issues there in detail, but overall I think the debate focusing on the respective roles of the native and non-native speaker has been a healthy one, even if we haven't yet reached a consensus on the implications of the debate.

Nick: NESTS and NNESTS.

Luke: Yes, or my preferred term, L1 and L2-users of English.

Nick: What about the teacher? What one tip would you give teachers so they can develop as professionals and individuals?

Luke: Another challenging question. This is like *Desert Island Discs* but I'm only allowed one piece of music! In that case, I would go for Presence: I would say to teachers: find out what it is and how to get some of it. It's the best tip for a teacher because it's an umbrella term which includes many qualities and behaviours which will help teachers grow as teachers and as...'ordinary people'! For example: the role of rapport, voice and body language, interaction.... these are crucial to effective teaching and can all be subsumed under the mega-quality of Presence.

Nick: What do you think is the greatest mistake we make in the way we teach our students?

Luke: Lack of rapport, lack of interaction.

Nick: OK – something that I have noticed is that all



too often we focus on telling people how to do things. I am fed up with gurus going on about their brilliant ideas; we learn best by examining what we have done wrong. What has been your greatest mistake?

Luke: Mishandling discipline problems. For example, losing my temper with a misbehaving student.

Nick: If you could only recommend ONE book to our colleagues, which title would you choose?

Luke: Once Upon a Time by John Morgan and Mario Rinvolucri (or any other of the treasure troves of practical ideas for the classroom produced by Rinvolucri). But if the teacher can be an effective storyteller half the battle is over. I'm still learning. Aun aprendo.

Nick: Circumstances aside, what would you say is the trait of yours which has helped you make your contribution to our field?

Luke: Enthusiasm for language teaching as educational practice.

Nick: That's two or three traits, but never mind; 'This idea must die'. Which idea would that be in our field?

Luke: That grammar is a bad thing. It's not. Grammar - with vocabulary - are the heart and soul of a language.

Nick: What should we be worried about? In the field of education, that is...

Luke: We should be worried about the market taking over education. We must not allow the 'business' of educating people to become a business where moneymakers shape what happens in our classrooms.

Nick: Some ideas are dangerous. What is YOUR dangerous idea?

Luke: That the mother-tongue is useful in the classroom. The mother-tongue is an important factor in language learning but can be dangerously abused.

Nick: 'This will change everything'. What is this?

Luke: Digital technology

Nick: What have you changed your mind about? Why?

Luke: Digital technology. I can't decide whether

it's good or bad. I keep changing my mind about it, because one day I see the magic and the transformative power of digital technology and the next day I see the pernicious anti-educational anti-humanistic side of it. And the financial agenda side...I can't make up my mind. Perhaps a creative schizophrenia is the best state to find oneself in as far as the digital revolution is concerned. The jury is still out.

Nick: What question(s) do you ask yourself?

Luke: Why am I doing this? How can I continue to do it better? And is this what I want to do? Is it time for a change? How can I do something really creative?

Nick: Well Luke, thank you very much for your time. It has been a great pleasure talking with you (but then – it always is...).

[A brief acknowledgment here: perceptive readers may notice that many of the questions I have asked are ones posed by 'The Edge' organisation. Here is its motto: "To arrive at the edge of the world's knowledge, seek out the most complex and sophisticated minds, put them in a room together, and have them ask each other the questions they are asking themselves."

I would love to see something like this happen in our own ELT world. And if I had a say in such things, Luke would have a permanent seat in that room.]

Luke Prodromou is a freelance teacher, trainer, author and performer, based in Greece. He has a BA (Bristol University), MA in Shakespeare Studies, (Birmingham University), A Postgraduate Diploma in TEFL (Leeds University). His Phd, in Idiomaticity in English as a Lingua Franca, from Nottingham University, was published by Continuum (2010). His theatre group, Luke-and-friends, thrives on collaboration with ELT colleagues.

Nick Michelioudakis has worked as a teacher. examiner and trainer for many years. He believes that to revitalise ELT we need to draw on insights from such disciplines as Marketing, Management and Social Psychology. He is particularly interested in student motivation and humour (he has his own YouTube channel - 'Comedy for ELT'). You can visit his blog at www.michelioudakis.org.





Taking Development Further: Joint BELTA and TESOL Greece Webinar





This presentation will provide details and examples of the Teachers' Assessment Literacy Enhancement project (TALE), which aims to establish a sustainable Language Assessment training infrastructure an has produced freely-available innovative online support materials. It will highlight its contribution to the development of an assessment culture i Europe and beyond.



Tools are fundamental to our culture and development as a society. There is an implicit link between the tools we use and what they enable us to create. In this presentation I would like to look at how we can combine elements of creativity with digital tools to create task a materials that enable our students to develop their linguistic and digital



ding to the needs of all the learners in our classrooms focuses or areas of differentiation: content, process and product. In addition blended learning offers the students a modern, engaged approach that seamlessly crosses into their reality. This session will look at one specific model that crosses blended learning with differentiation, allowing for all students to engage with the material. We look at tools that enha differentiation, allowing us to respond to the needs of our students











train the brain to take notice of the feelings words con-

Examination Dates Europalso: Saturday, 2 June 2018 ESB: Sunday, 3 June 2018

> All four levels (B1, B2, C1, C2) recognized by ASEP recommended by UCAS



Taking Development Further: BELTA-EFLtalks-TESOL Greece Event



A superb online event hosted by BELTA Belgium, EFLtalks and TESOL Greece. You can have a taste here! http://bit.ly/2Cp55ZX





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3-4 MARCH, 2018



BE CREATIVE AND INSPIRE!



PLENARY SPEAKERS

Kieran Donaghy NICKY HOCKLY Luke Prodromou Joan Kang Shin

HOSTED BY





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Michigan State University English Language Examinations

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39th TESOL Greece Annual International Convention

"Be Creative and Inspire!"

DEREE - The American College of Greece Gravias 6, Ag. Paraskevi 153 42

Saturday

09:00 - 10:00 Registration (Ongoing)

10:00 - 10:10 Opening Remarks (Pierce Theatre) Exhibition opens 11:00

10:10 - 11:00

Plenary Presentation (Pierce Theatre) Sponsored by Express Publishing



Nicky Hockly

"Remixing Creativity"

Professional Presentations 11:20 - 12:05 (DEREE College)

6th Auditorium	7th	607	609	701	703
LT SIG	Auditorium	607	YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG
Dr Kosmas Vlachos Being Creative in the Writing Classroom	Marina Pantazi To Write or Not to Write with a Pencil? That Is the Question!	Cathy Salonikidis A.R.T.: A.rt R.ecreating T.eaching	Henry Uwem Tyron Implications of Weaving SEL into ELT Classes – A Case Study	Dr Paschalia Patsala Vicky Papachristou Reconnecting with Society: A Creative EFL Case-Study	Stella Spyridaki Single Mothers Learning English Enter a Life Changing Course

Professional Presentations 12:20 - 13:05 (DERFE College)

12.20 10.00 (DEREE CONEGE)							
6th Auditorium		609	701	703			
LT SIG	7th Auditorium	YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG			
John Arnold	Dr Evdokia Karavas	Ekaterina Stashevskaya	Syeda Saima Bukhari	Visjna Fara			
Promoting Differentiation Through Technology	The Integrated Foreign Languages Curriculum: Implications for Teachers	Fine Tuning Your Coursebook: Creative Use of Songs and Chants	Developing Life Skills Competencies in ESL/EFL Learners	'Little-c' Linguistic Creativity – an Ingredient to Spice up VL Activities			

13:05 - 14:00 Lunch Break - Exhibition Hall (Deipnosofistirion)

Professional Presentations 14:00 - 14:45 (DEREE College)

6th Auditorium	7th Auditorium		609	701	703
LT SIG	UoA Strand	607	YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG
Luis Cabrera	Evanthia Andrianaki	Dr Todd Squires	Aphrodite Gkiouri	Dr Ron Morrain	Melpomeni Ilkos
Pronounce it Right! Pronunciation Assessment in TEFL	Ioanna Antonatou Personality, Motivation	Maximizing Vocabulary Acquisition through Classroom Activities	Fun Grammar Games	Leading Learners to Creativity -	Flipping the Class? It Does
	and Cognitive Style in the Greek EFL Classroom	Cimeeroom remember		A workshop on Using RMMs	Work!

	T		1			
	Christina Athanasiadi Vassiliki Vita					
	Video Games: Acquiring Vocabulary in English as L2					
		Professional Prese 15:00 – 15:45 (DERE				
,	T	13.00 - 13.43 (DEKE	1			
6th Auditorium	7th Auditorium	607	609	701	703	
LT SIG	UoA Strand		YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG	
David Read	Kleanthi Dagoula	Chrysa Papalazarou	Eman EL Difrawy	Vassiliki Mandalou	Dr Adam Murray	
Dr Nicholas Murgatroyd	Vassilios Ioannis Koutroumpas	Art and Creative Thinking Development	Integrating Global Issues in the Creative English Language	Autism Speaks on Poetry in Motion:	Perceived Difficulty	
Corpus tools: Practical Techniques for	Homework and Effects on EFL Development: the Case of Vocabulary at Intermediate Level		Classroom	Creating Miracles	of Listening Materials	
the EAP Classroom	Eleni Andreopoulou Alexandros Theodoropoulos					
	Artistic Talent and Creative Thinking in Children with Learning Disabilities					
		16:10 17:00	n			
	_	16:10 - 17:00				
		lenary Presentation (Pier		Y		
	8	ponsored by Deportivo	Quality La	Publishing		
		Luke Prodron				
H_{\perp}	Principles and Prac	ctical Tips for Mal	king Exam Classo	es Creative"		
		Professional Prese 17:30 – 18:15 (DERE				
6th Auditorium	7th Auditorium	607	609	701	703	
LT SIG	UoA Strand	DL SIG	YL SIG	TDR SIG	ALSIG	
Alexandros Vouyouklis	Antonia Vasilopoulou	Dr Linda Manney	Stefania Ballotto	Armine Shahverdyan	Theodore Lalos	
Create Games and Make Waves in Your Class. A Beginner's Introduction	Elpiniki Kapelaki EFL Assessment and	Engaging Multicultural Learners: Literature with Ethical Conflicts	Creative Creativity	Anna Kurghinyan	Escape Master: The New Breed of Educator	
	Feedback: Teachers' and Learners' Perspective			Developing IB ATL Self-Management and Social Skills		
Professional Presentations 18:30 – 19:15 (DEREE College)						
6th Auditorium		607	609	701	703	
LT SIG	7th Auditorium	DL SIG	YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG	
Helena Galani	Dr Anastasia	Cory Koby	Ioanna Ntaidou	Theodora	Lilika Couri	
Responding to challenges in ELT through Creativity in Virtual Worlds	Georgountzou Natasha Tsantila Enhancing EFL learners'	Proven Results of an Ambitious Extensive Reading Program	Be Creative Using Gamified Activities to Teach Speaking	Papapanagiotou A Tired Teacher: a Journey out of Burnout	The Challenges of Non-EFL CLIL Teachers - The Creativity of EFL	
	listening skills in the 21st century				, , , ,	

Professional Presentations 19:30 - 20:15 (DEREE College)						
6th Auditorium	7th	607	609	701		
LT SIG	Auditorium	DL SIG	YL SIG	TDR SIG		
Dimitris Primalis Creativity Has Classroom Boredom for Breakfast	Efi Tzouri Dimitra Christopoulou Emmanuel Kontovas Let's Talk about Life Skills	David Gibson The Use of Fairy Tales in Language Teaching	Margarita Kosior Despina Sarantidou Designing Teaching Materials to Confront Modern-Day Slavery	Dr Theodora Papadopoulou Building Resilience in Teachers		

20:15 - 22:30 Convention Party - Exhibition Hall (Deipnosofistirion)

Sunday

09:00 - 10:00 Registration (Ongoing)

10:10 - 11:00

Plenary Presentation (Pierce Theatre) Sponsored by National Geographic Learning



Dr Joan Kang Shin

"Are You a 21st Century Teacher?"

Professional Presentations 11:20 - 12:05 (DEREE College)

6th Auditorium	7th	607	609	701	703
LT SIG	Auditorium	DL SIG	YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG
Julia Alivertis	Vicky Papageorgiou	Anna Fiona Monnas	Tijana Nesic Ristic	Maria Davou	Irene Rousta
Vicky Chionopoulou	Project Work	Cliff Parry	Magic Quilt and Other Amazing(ly) Simple	Bringing Innovation in ELT education	Bringing English and
Eftichis Kantarakis	is Fun!	What is "Storytelling"?	Ideas		Art together Both in and Outside the
Do Androids Dream of Electric Sheep? – Digital Empathy in ELT					Classroom!

Professional Presentations 12:20 - 13:05 (DEREE College)

6th Auditorium	7th	607	609	701	703
LT SIG	Auditorium		YL SIG	TDR SIG	AL SIG
Georgios Kormpas Disruptive Technology: Should Technology Be Used in Classroom?	Dr Dimitris Maroulis The Neuroscience of Creativity: Mapping the Maze	Lilian Stathi Phonological Awareness - the Power of Sounds	Katerina Mantadaki Making the Right Noise!	Dr Sylvia Karastathi Adapting Museum Education Resources for Language Learning	George Tsioumanis Christina Anifadi TEDEd Clubs: Celebrating Teenage Learners' Ideas



	13	3:05 - 14:00 Lunch Break -Exhibition Hall (Deipnosofistirion)
		Commercial presentations (DEREE College)
		EXPRESS PUBLISHING
6th	Celebrating 30 Years of Innovation and Excellence!	
14:10-15:10	Auditorium	I Wonder: The Amazing New Course for Primary Learners! on Screen C2: the Ideal Choice for All C2 Level Exams! Right On! 1-4: the Right Course for the 21st Century Learners!
		Katerina Mantadaki Senior Teacher Trainer
		Commercial presentations (DEREE College)
14:10-15:10	7th Auditorium	DEREE - The American College of Greece
14.10-15.10	7tii Auditorium	The MA in TESOL at Deree - The American College of Greece
		EUROPALSO - ESB
		Educational Benefits the Self-Development Skills That Derive from the EUROPALSO Assessment Tests
14:10-15:10	Arts	Stella Floras
	Auditorium	How to Succeed in ESB. Every Student Benefits
		Jane Collins
		GRIVAS PUBLICATIONS
14:10-15:10	607	You Can Help Your Students Reach Their Full Potential! Instil the Right Mindset - Make Your Lesson the Life-Changing Experience They Deserve
		Tassos Katsaris,MSc University of Stirling, UK, Educational Consultant Vivi Kamari, Marketing & Promotion Manager
		DEPORTIVO PUBLISHING
14:10-14:35	608	The New Course That Defines and Illustrate the Skills, Knowledge, Expertise and Support Systems That Students Need to Succeed in Work, Life, and Citizenship.
		Areti Varlokosta Educational Consultant
44404:		HAMILTON HOUSE
14:10-14:35	609	English Download - an Exciting New Course for Teenagers and Young Adults
		Tery LemaniS
		YORK PRESS
14:45-15:10	609	Get talking! Get motivated! Get ready!
		Yiannis Spyropoulos, Deputy Manager, RSA dipl.
		ETC
14:10-14:35 701		Innovation & Expertise
		Suzanne Antonaros - Lilika Couri
		Teacher Educators, EFL School Management Consultants
14:45-15:10	701	GAMELISH CARD GAMES Happy Families, Happy Students - Great Games for Your Class
		Talila Kaiser

	BURLINGTON BOOKS
702	Here Comes Jet for Junior A and Junior B! Jet, the New Superhero from Burlington Books, will Bring Joy, Action and Motivation to Your Junior Classes and Provide Creative Opportunities to Teach Values and Develop Children's 21st-Century Life Skills.
	Christina Bakopoulou, Managing Director
	LANGUAGE CENTRE, CYPRUS UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY
702	Interested in Using Technologies in Language Learning? the Online MA in CALL is for You
	Elena Papa
	NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC LEARNING GREECE
703	Happy World 1 & 2 and Great Wonders 1 - 4. The Next Generation of Coursebooks from NatGeo
	Eftychis Kantarakis RSA Dip. Teacher Trainer
	QLS QUALITY IN LANGUAGE SERVICES
703	QLS Debate Festival
	Georgia Papas
	702

15:30 - 17:00 Annual General Assembly (Pierce Theatre)

17:00 - 17:50

Plenary Presentation (Pierce Theatre) **Kieran Donaghy**

Sponsored by New York College



"Try Talking in My Shoes: Empathy in Language Teaching"

Professional Presentations

18:15 - 19:00 (DEREE College)

6th Auditorium	7th Auditorium	607	609	701	703	
LT SIG	7th Auditorium	607	YL SIG	TDR SIG	YL SIG	
Jake Delatolas-Saveris	Zafi Mandali	Georgina Trimi	Spyridoula Matatsi	Dr Jane	Mandy Pistikou	
Motivational Strategies in the EFL Classroom	Gianna Gkioni	No Prep Games with Scraps of Paper	Cliff Parry	Mandalios "Involve me, and I Learn": Students	Inspiring Young Learners	
	The EFL Show		Flying with the Whole Child beyond the Language Learning Land!	Become the Teacher	with Learning Disabilities in Private Sessions	

Professional Presentations

19:15 - 20:00 (DEREE College)

6th Auditorium	7th	607	609	701
LT SIG	Auditorium	607	YL SIG	TDR SIG
Effie Kyrikakis	Androniki Kouvdou	Eleni Kladi	Aikaterini Kantourou	Padraig O'Suilleabhain
Global Projects – A Magic Window to the World	Assessing Communicative oral Skills in the Multicultural EFL class	Cliff Parry A Story of Motivation	Neuro-linguistic Programming for Low Achievers : a Success Story	Exploiting YouTube for Speaking Activities

20:15 Exhibition Hall (Deipnosofistirion)



The English Language Theatre Presents:

"Ladies in Love and Marriage: from Byron to Wilde"

Performed by:

Lilika Couri, Zafi Mandali, Agape Dendaki, Anna Papadaki, Vicky Saran, Eftychis Kantarakis, Cliff Parry, Luke Prodromou, Efi Tzouri, Michael Robbs.

Index of Abbreviations:

UoA Strand: University of Athens Strand. Department of English Language and Literature 20 minute Student presentations

LT SIG: Presentations related to the Learning Technologies Special Interest Group

YL SIG: Presentations related to the Young Learners SIG

DL SIG: Presentations related to the Drama & Literature SIG

TDR SIG: Presentations related to the Teacher Development and Research SIG

AL SIG: Presentations related to the Adult Learners SIG

ANNUAL CONVENTION IN MARCH

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT TO ALL MEMBERS

Due to certain changes in the Greek law re. professional associations, the following information will be needed for your registration during the convention:

- 1. Your A.Φ.M. & ΔΟΥ (For Greek Citizens)
- 2. Your Greek ID number, or Passport number (for foreign citizens)

This information will be needed for the member's card you fill out and for the receipt you will receive for the fees you pay.

The TESOL Greece Board and the Organizing Committee thank you.

Membership Fees

€50 Membership fee: OAEA card holders membership fee: €30 **University Students membership fee:**

TESOL Greece General Assembly

The TESOL Greece Annual General Assembly will initially take place on Sunday, February 25th, 2018 (the week before the Convention) at 15:30 pm in the Pierce Theater at DEREE — The American College of Greece Gravias 6, Ag. Paraskevi 153 42. If this meeting is not quorate, the General Assembly will take place at 15:30 pm on Sunday, March 4th^h, 2018 (same time, venue and place during the Convention).

AGENDA: • Chairperson's Report, General Secretary's Report, Treasurer's Report, Oversight Committee's Report, Newsletter Editor's Report Any Other Business • Nominations and Elections of:

- Three (3) Board of Directors members (3-year tenure)
- Four (4) Alternate members (1-year tenure)
- Three (3) Oversight Committee Members (2-year tenure)
- One (1) Alternate Oversight Committee Member (2-year tenure)

All current members are eligible to vote and to run for election to the Board.

A Greek ID or passport and a valid TG ID are required in order to vote.

Only members who are present may be elected. Members may nominate themselves or colleagues who are members. If you wish to nominate yourself, or someone else, you can write on a piece of paper and submit it to the Registration Desk prior to the Assembly:

"I would like to nominate	 for the TESOL	Greece	Board	of Directors	,,



Grant and Scholarship Opportunities

Eleftherios Kormpas Annual Membership Grants

This year 10 Eleftherios Kormpas Membership Grants are going to be given to 10 attendees of the 39th TESOL Greece Annual International

The Eleftherios Kormpas Membership Grant is to attend the TESOL Greece International Convention and become a full member of the association for one calendar year.

Any TESOL Greece Member, lapsed, non-member or potential member may apply for the Eleftherios Kormpas Membership Grant. The Membership Grant is twofold:

- Supports (valid, at the time of application) OAE∆ card holders. Up to ten applicants will be accepted per year at the time of the convention (30€ fees).
- Supports regular members. Up to five applicants will be accepted per year at the time of the convention (50€ fees).

Steps for the Membership Grant:

- 1. Interested individuals (members and non-members) email TG at tesolgreece@gmail.com to express their interest by February 16th.
- 2. ΟΑΕΔ holders, along with their email of interest, need to attach a scanned copy of their valid ΟΑΕΔ Card. If the ΟΑΕΔ Card is invalid or not attached, the application is invalid.
- 3. Regular members: they send their email of interest.
- 4. TG Executive Secretary keeps track of the interested applicants by date and time the e-mail has been sent. All successful and unsuccessful applicants will be notified about their status prior to the convention.
- 5. The first 10 (valid) OAEΔ card holders are awarded the Eleftherios Kormpas Membership Grant.
- 6. The first 5 regular members are awarded the Eleftherios Kormpas Membership Grant.

* Stipulations of the Grant *

This is not a cash Membership Grant, and cannot be refunded, the recipients need to come to the TG convention to claim their Membership Grant. They need to have with them the email from the Executive secretary and a form of ID. If the recipient of the Grant fails to attend the convention, they will not be given the Grant. The applicant may apply for the Grant the next year.

A person who has been awarded the Grant cannot apply for another for the next 3 years.

Maricelle Meyer Scholarship

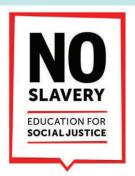
In fond remembrance of Ms. Maricelle Meyer, the Maricelle Meyer Scholarship is awarded each year at the TESOL Greece Convention. The €400 scholarship has been designated to provide financial support for one TESOL Greece member to attend a professional training course of his/her choosing. The scholarship is not a cash award; it will be paid by TESOL Greece directly to the selected training programme. Who can apply?

All TESOL Greece members in good standing, who have not won the Scholarship within the last three (3) years, may apply during the convention at the registration desk. Ask for the relevant form, which you will need to fill out, at the registration desk. A drawing will be held at the General Assembly during the Convention (Sunday 4th, 15:30, at the Pierce Theater). You must be present at the General Assembly to win. A person who has been awarded the Scholarship cannot apply for the next three years.

IMPORTANT NOTE

This preliminary programme is correct at time of going to press. Presentation times may change between now and the Convention. Please visit the Convention website regularly for the latest information.

https://39tesolgreece.weebly.com/





TESOL Greece Events

Big SIG Day & Start-of-the-Year Event

Date: Sunday, September 24th 2017

Theme: "The Amazing Teacher"

Plenary Speakers: Christina Bakopoulou -

Dr Christina Giannikas

Adult Learners SIG: Theodore Lalos -

Susan Stetson-Tiligadas

Drama & Literature SIG: Zafi Mandali -

Sofia Sempepou

Learning Technologies SIG: Dimitris Primalis -

Christos Sotiropoulos

Young Learners SIG: David Gibson - Spyridoula

Matatsi, Evangelia Stathi, Theodora Toumanidis.

Venue: New York College

Address: 286 Thessalonikis St. Kallithea 177 78

Map: https://goo.gl/D7QLV2

Colloquium on Young Learners & Teenagers - with

the support of IATEFL YLTSIG

Date: Saturday, October 21st and Sunday, October

22nd 2017

Theme: "Innovations in ELT for Children and

Teenagers"

Plenary Speakers: Katherine Bilsborough, Jo Budden, Eleni Livaniou, Mark Osborne

Venue: Deree - The American College of Greece

Address: 6 Gravias St, Aghia Paraskevi,

153 42, Athens

Map: https://goo.gl/1uvSdp

Christmas Event

Date: Sunday, December 17th 2017

Theme: "Have yourself a Merry

TESOL Christmas!"

Speakers: Evangelia Stathi,

Eftichis Kantarakis Venue: British Council

Address: 17 Kolonaki Square, 106 73, Athens

Map: https://goo.gl/2Q5M1v

TESOL Greece Pitta cutting & 16th Annual

TESOL Greece-HAEF Event

Date: Sunday, February 4rd 2018

Theme: "Empowering Students through Engaging

Practices"

Plenary Speaker: Kallina Basli

Speakers: Katerina Mantadaki, Jane Mandalios,

Valia Gkotsi & Ioanna Georgakopoulou,

Venue: Hellenic American Educational Foundation

(HAEF)

Address: 15 Stephanou Delta Street, 154 52

Map: https://goo.gl/k7LD1N





TESOL International Events

February 2018

- 1-2 (Asia) The Second International
 Conference on Current Issues of Languages,
 Dialects and Linguistics, Iran.
 Email info@pahi.ir.
- 1-2 (Asia) The Fourth National Conference on English Studies, "Teaching and Learning, Literature, Translation," Iran. Email info@pahi.ir.

March 2018

- **3 (North America)** CATESOL Los Angeles Regional Conference, "Breaking Barriers by Promoting Advocacy," California, USA. Email <u>laregionalconferencechair@gmail.com</u>.
- 9-11 (Europe) 41st TESOL-SPAIN
 Convention, "The Heart in the Art of Teaching: Weaving language, culture and communities,"
 Spain. Email convention2018@tesol-spain.org.
- 10 (North America) Volunteer Literacy Tutor <u>Conference 2018</u>, "Equity through Literacy," Portland, Oregon, USA. Email <u>delpha@portlandliteracy.org</u>.

• 21-23 (North America) Language Assessment
Research Conference (LARC), "Validation
Research in Language Assessment:
Contributions from Methods in Applied
Linguistics," Iowa, USA.
Email ngokturk@iastate.edu.

April 2018

- 8-11 (North America) Clute International Conference on Education, DC, USA. Email Justin@cluteinstitute.com.
- 9-10 (Europe) <u>Categories and Units in Language and Linguistics</u>, CULL, Poland. Email cull-walbrzych@hotmail.com.
- 21-22 (Asia) Qatar University Foundation
 Program 3rd Annual International Conference,
 "ELT in Arabia: Changing Needs & Emerging
 Trends," Qatar. Email okon@qu.edu.qa.

May 2018

• **3-4 (Europe)** 13th METU International ELT Convention, "Teaching Beyond Boundaries," Turkey. Email elt2018@metu.edu.tr.





Events & Activities from the ELT World

36th TESOL France Annual Colloquium

Sunday, 17th November 2017

by Matina Katseli



In Paris, the city of light, the 36th TESOL France Annual Colloquium was held, attracting speakers and delegates from all over the world. The TESOL Greece contingent could not be missing from such an ELT event

and made its presence obvious from the very first day of the Colloquium.

Upon my arrival what impressed me while entering the registration area was the peace and quiet that characterized both the help desk and the premises. Then, it dawned on me! Everybody must have rushed to attend the first plenary speaker, Marjorie Rosenberg, Past President of Iatefl. I decided to follow their example, and there I was in Room Thevenin, listening to her encouraging us to embrace the differences in our classroom. Another exciting journey in the ELT world was about to start!



The next day Julietta Schoenman kicked off with a presentation on Global **Issues** that definitely got the audience

thinking about how we could change our learners' consumer habits to help do away with injustice in the clothes industry.

Then, Stephen Ryan followed with his plenary talk on how knowledge of psychology can help both language teachers and learners. After a rather prolonged lunch break, which offered plenty of room for networking, Angelos Bollas in his workshop showed us how using engaging materials affectively can help us develop our learners' critical thinking and high order cognitive skills. During the next slot I was found attending Helen Cherry's presentation dealing with the application of coaching techniques in the field of Business English. All the above, warmed us up for Julia Aliverti's workshop on empathy and the expression of feelings in the ELT classroom. Lot's of tears there. One of the most touching workshops Julia has ever carried out! The day ended with a touch of Paris by Night. We were all spoilt for choice!

On Sunday, the last day of the Colloquium, Eftychis Kantarakis and Vicky Chionopoulou explored how we can use **TED Talks** to teach the skills, but equally importantly, the linguistic features such as vocabulary and grammar that hide beneath them. Last but not least, Spyridoula Kokkali presented The Healthy Little Eaters Movement, while in the main amphitheatre, Julia Aliverti was taking part in the panel discussion and being awarded the

first prize for Poetry Writing.

What an honour for **TESOL** Greece! What an end to a rewarding conference!



We should extend our thanks to Csilla Jaray-Benn, the President, as well as the rest of the team of the TESOL France Bureau for the warm hospitality and congratulate them on a very successful international and intercontinental ELT event! We are all looking forward to seeing some of the renowned speakers and newly acquired friends again at the TESOL Greece Convention, on March 3rd-4th.

Matina Katseli has been a member of TESOL Greece since 1989, when she established her foreign language school and started teaching English and French. In 1992 she graduated from the Department of English Language and Literature, (University of Athens) After obtaining her BA she learnt Italian and German and recently acquired her CELTA. She considers TESOL Greece her family and she will do her best to see this family grow.



Is There a "Magic Ingredient" to Create Effective Learning?

by Loukia Tsaklari & Panayiota Anastasopoulou



Nowadays, as teachers we are usually overwhelmed with giving students the best materials, delivering the best

lesson by utilizing the most "fashionable" teaching approach and even incorporating technology to our students' advantage. However, we neglect to see things the other way round. To see learning and teaching through children's eyes. So, there are times that we end up wondering: "Why don't kids learn and lose their initial enthusiasm no matter how good our lessons are? Is there any "magic ingredient" to create effective learning?"

But if we step back for a while, we will realize that one of the things that we usually neglect is the impact and influence of the teacher in the learning process. The value of establishing strong RELATIONSHIPS, and the importance of showing more understanding towards our students' needs are crucial factors that we usually either downplay or take for granted. However, it is worth mentioning all of them. Pierson (2013, 1:49), a distinguished educator, reminds us: "You know, kids don't learn from people they don't like". And by recalling our own learning experience, we will realize that what always comes to mind is only those people who invested their time to build a strong relationship with us and who, with their personality, affected, influenced and inspired our learning and boosted our progress. James Comer also says that "no significant learning can occur without a significant relationship" (as cited in Pierson, 2013, 1:09). Thus, building a strong, real bond with our students and not a superficial one is of crucial importance.

Moreover, Scrivener (2005, p. 109) points out that inside the classroom, we eventually "teach the students, not the lesson" no matter how sophisticatedly planned and well-prepared our lesson is. And we don't just teach English, we have human beings in our hands during their formative years and through English we have to cultivate their minds and develop their personalities as well.

Therefore, human relationships should constitute the driver, the intrinsic motivator in the students' learning world. For this reason - and in accordance with Pierson (2013) - we have to:

- Boost students' confidence and self-esteem:
- Nurture a feeling of togetherness;
- Teach them how to believe in themselves.



Moreover, we should share our personal experiences and should not be afraid to show our weaknesses as well. Positive and healthy relationships are built on love, understanding, patience, affection and rely on clear communication so as to help learners overcome their emotional obstacles. Otherwise, intentions, goals and ambitions are lost on the way. We should teach and provide them with the social and emotional skills they need to thrive.

Thus, we have to invest our time and make an effort to establish a strong rapport and include students' needs and interests in the teaching/learning process. We need to make them better people, not just better students (Ballaine, 2017). Students, as Freire (1970) says, are not "containers of knowledge" (p.163). They should be exposed to English not only for educational and instructional purposes but also to develop positive attitudes towards language and learning and become efficient users as adults (Nikolov, 2009).

Pierson (2013, 6:53) also states that "teaching and learning should bring joy [...] kids should not be afraid to take risks" and express their own opinion. They should be urged to connect learning with their real life situations and emotions, and build on what they have learnt so far and on what they can do (Nikolov, 2009).

So, what is the magic ingredient to creating an effective learning experience for our students? How can we engage them and trigger their interest and curiosity to learn English? All of this actually lies in something so simple and innate to all humans something that we all have a need for in our lives. And that is *meaningful relationships*.

However, in the classroom, this goes beyond the transfer of knowledge, and instead involves the creation of a bond of trust and respect between us and our students. So this so-called magic ingredient

is actually a combination of practices that we can all incorporate in our everyday teaching. Here are several of the ones that are worth prioritizing:

- 1) Let's help our students find their voice and understand that each and every one of them is unique. I am sure that we have all had students who are more introverted and lack the strength and confidence needed to express their opinion during the lesson. Isn't it a shame for these students to be on the sidelines when they too have something to offer to the class? So, this is why we have to create an environment of equality – a safe space in which everyone can participate. This can be done by assigning team or pair work, and mixing up the pairs and teams each time. In this way we allow all students to work together and learn from each other. These small workshops can allow us, as teachers, to hear less of our voice and more of our students' voices.
- 2) Let's allow students to disagree with us. If we step out of the comfortable authoritative role of being a teacher, we can build their critical thinking skills through allowing them to question us and help them understand that our true job is to guide them and help them find their passions and strengths, and not to constantly punish them for their mistakes or occasional failures.
- 3) Along the same lines, let's **welcome feedback** on our teaching – do our students think that there is a more effective way for them to grasp a concept? Maybe that could help make our lessons more engaging and inspiring. This is a great way to give them decisionmaking power as well, which shows that we respect their opinion, so in turn they can respect us, because respect and trust are two-way streets.
- 4) An important quality to have as teacher, as you all know, is **patience**. Even the weakest or most difficult students can be approached and helped - it just has to be done in a way that suits their needs. I am sure that our jobs would be easier if we had the "perfect" students, but in that case we wouldn't be teaching humans, but robots, and technology has not gone that far yet! A teacher is not someone who teaches only the students who are willing to accept everything without questioning it, or the students who grasp new

concepts right away. Our job is to act as a guiding hand for those who need it more than others- those are the ones who are "screaming" for our attention, but in the least noticeable way.

5) Finally and most importantly, let's give our students the chance to lead by assigning them small class management tasks. This world needs leaders, not bosses. Inspirational forces rather than authoritative figures. So let's set an example of what being a leader is all about. This way we can build their self-confidence and allow them to reach for the stars.

So let us end with a quote by Rita Pierson (2013), a devoted teacher of 40 years, who was mentioned earlier and whose words are truly inspiring:

How powerful would our world be if we had kids who were not afraid to take risks, who were not afraid to think and who had a champion? Every child deserves a champion – an adult who insists that they become the best that they can possibly be and will never give up on them (6:56-7:26).

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- This article is based on the authors' Pecha Kucha presentation that took place in the TESOL Colloquium on Young Learners on 22nd October 2017.

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Get Your Spelling Bee Bags Ready. Bee Creative

by Zafi Mandali



Auto spelling correction is so convenient nowadays when we type on our PCs or iphones or all the other electronic devices at our fingertips. Does this mean that we have to give up on the skill of correct spelling? Indeed

some wonder why one should bother. I certainly think there are very clear reasons why we should persevere in the matter of correct spelling. For one thing learning the spelling of words trains our memory and helps enormously to store the new vocabulary in deeper levels of the brain. Writing down the word when learning, adds more senses to the learning process and helps storage in the long term memory.

A poor speller starts with the word he wants to use and stops half way through as his memory does have enough ram to help him with the ending. He will start with "meti" and will not recall the ending and say "meticulous". When I have weak students I ask how they learn a new word. The answer I get is that they study it; they do not spell it or pronounce it or write it down it at the same time. So they only use visual means to record the new word. This is, of course, inadequate. Saying the word, writing it down, picturing it, visualizing its meaning and making examples is much more effective. So I get into the process of showing them how to unlearn deep seated ineffective study methods and how to acquire sound study habits.

One way to turn the spelling practice into a game like activity is to organize the Spelling Bee competition which focuses on the spelling skill. The Spelling Bee game involves a degree of competition which is a healthy thing as long as the stakes are not too high. The game revolves around language items taught. It intrigues the interest of learners, is a welcome break from the usual

routine and offers opportunity for meaningful communication between the learners as they process how to play the game. The Spelling Bee makes the children sustain the effort of



learning, gets students them active and excited and rightly so because variety is added to what is often a sterile process of language learning.

Admittedly games are not central to teachers' repertoire; they are considered a luxury, an add-on for when one has time to kill. We forget that through games one can learn a language and enjoy oneself at the same time. According to W.R.Lee most language games make learners use the language instead of thinking about learning the correct forms (1972:2). Whenever a game is to be conducted, the fundamental factors to take into account the number of students to participate, their proficiency level, their cultural context, the timing of it all and the classroom settings. Learners with difficulty feel this is stress inducing and fear that they will underperform, fail and be humiliated. They may feel time is wasted and parents might question the pedagogical value. So we need to explain the rationale behind the game. With the Spelling Bee game for instance, we explain to students that their spelling will improve, their brains will be focused and recall of vocabulary will be facilitated. This explanation will satisfy the most serious students who feel pressured by game time. The games get the students sth to look forward to but watch out for signs of boredom

HOW TO GO ABOUT IT

A game is successful because it is based on specific time allocation, has clear relevance to the material and is appropriate to all members of the class. One starts by handing out the word list which the students should know. Of course this relates to the level of the students and

the class target to make sure we are making it possible for the students to "make" it and feel accomplished. When students have been given the time needed the teacher proceeds with **phase 2** which is to demonstrate how the game will be held. Demonstrating the procedure involves laying out the rules and it always helps to plan out the easiest possible way to explain the rules. These rules relate to the type of competition the teacher wants

and are illustrated during the in-class simulation practice phase. The students practice at first with two students competing with each other. It is up to the teacher to decide how many words will be spelled by the two individuals contesting. The initial plan could be 10 words and in case of a draw it can be extended until the one who scores more points is declared the winner. Then in phase 3, the competition is conducted between 2 groups of the same class. The six best spellers of each class then qualify for phase 4 which involves the strongest spellers of each class competing with each other. In all phases the teacher plays the role of THE **PRONOUNCER** and two students play the role of **JUDGES.** Judges confirm whether the contestant has spelled the word successfully.

THE RULES

The following rules apply for a competition between two individual students in phase 1.

- 1. The pronouncer (teacher) gives the word to be spelled and speaks slowly and clearly, without distorting the normal pronunciation of the word. His role is to correctly pronounce the word and give a definition or use a sentence example should the speller request it.
- 2. The speller (student) stands up and listens carefully to the pronouncer and asks for the word to be repeated or defined if he feels uncertain.
- 3. In this case, the pronouncer grants the request and says the word again or uses it in a sentence to make it reasonably clear to the contestant.
- 4. The speller has 30 seconds to pronounce the word.



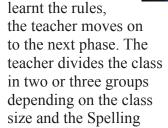
- 5. When the speller is sure he/she understands the word, he/she
 - a) pronounces it first,
 - b) then spells it and
 - c) finally says the word again.

Saying the word again is a signal to the judges that he/she is done with the spelling. Remember the speller pronounces the word before spelling it and after spelling it loudly enough for the judge to hear it. For instance, the pronouncer gives the word "teacher" to the speller. The speller proceeds by saying, "Teacher, t-e-a-c-h-e-r, Teacher."

- 6. The judge(s) may disqualify a speller who ignores the rules of the game.
- 7. The judge(s) announces whether or not the word has been spelled correctly. He has the list

- of words and so the case of poor judgement is eliminated.
- 8. If the spelling is incorrect, the speller loses a point from the game and the judge gives the correct spelling of that word.
- 9. Then the pronouncer reads a new word. The teacher usually gives 10 words and then moves on to a new pair of spellers.

PHASE 2. After playing the game between two contestants, by which time all students have







Bee competition takes places in class.

A 16 student class can give two groups of 7 and two judges or three groups of five spellers and one judge.

The rules given for **phase 1** are still valid but a small alteration must be made. With younger students you line the groups across each other as the photo indicates. Students check in their seats and receive their number. Numbers could be on labels stuck on their blouses or on ribbons hanging from their necks. The groups sit facing each other. The teacher announces how many rounds the game will have. When all is in place, the Pronouncer starts the first round.

One can make it more playful by placing a desk in between the groups with a bell on top. When the pronouncer says "go", spellers bearing number 1 get up and shoot forward trying to hit the bell first. Whoever is the fastest striker of the bell, wins the right for his group to go first. When the game starts the spellers who give a correct spelling remains in the game whereas the ones who miss the spelling of one word are removed. Pending members of the same group take their place. When all players have participated, the numbers of the competing groups simply reduce with every wrong spelling. When there are no more spellers to fill in the removed ones, the teacher ends up with a group of, say, 3 on the one side and, let us say, 5 on the other side.

DEVELOPING

The point is to go on with the game until most contestants slip up and are eventually removed. If one ends up with two spellers, each from the opposing groups, the spelling bee competition goes on until the final winner surfaces. If one gets two or three spellers still on, from one winning team, then there is an internal competition until the very best speller makes it to the end. So in the end one gets the winning team and the Super Speller who ends us with a Certificate of Achievement.

PHASE 3.

This is the final phase which takes place in the school library or the auditorium and involves two or three different



classes of the same level of course.

The rules are as above with a slight alteration. The Bee competition is conducted in rounds. All participants are seated on the stage in a predetermined order or by a random drawing of names. Each speller is given a number to wear around his/her neck during the Bee competition. Participants spell in the order they are seated on

the stage. The first round includes all spellers. Each subsequent round will include only those spellers who spelled



their word correctly in the previous round.

If one gets groups of six for instance, one knows that these are indeed the six best players of the participating classes. The rest of the class members are observers on the sidelines. The judges are in place holding the list of the actual words which the teacher has set apart to be used. So if you have groups of six, your first round starts with six spellers who are slowly eliminated as the game goes on. If we have one survivor speller from each team, the duel goes on for the **Super Speller** to emerge. At this level the teacher uses the words reserved for the final round which are the hardest ones. The procedure now goes as follows. When one player misspells a word, the other player must spell that word correctly, plus one more word to be declared the winner. Naturally, the **Super Speller** is the contestant who spells the misspelt word correctly and goes on to correctly spell the new word given.

The spelling bee is an exciting method which gives students a motive for revision, helps them to spot problem areas and enables them to assess their attention to detail in a structured but pleasant environment. So the teacher's Spelling Bee Bag will have to include a list of the words the students will have to memorize, decoration items for the place where it will all take place, badges for all spelling bee contestants, certificates of participation, certificates of achievement and a medal for the Super Speller. Needless to add the dominant colours are yellow and black and that forms of recognition like praise, applause and special privileges should be included. Students should get in the habit of appreciating and congratulating each other while at the same time focusing on what the learning outcomes have been.

References:

- Games for Language Learning (2nd ed.) by Andrew Wright, David Betteridge and Michael Buckby. Cambridge University Press.
- www.teachthemenglish.com

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How NOT to be an Effective Presenter

by Theodore Lalos



you ever dreamt presenting at a conference full of teachers and ELT experts? Do you dream of being a great and effective presenter? Well, look no further because now you are going to be given some great

pieces of advice on how **NOT** to be one step closer to becoming one!

Step 1: Do **NOT** use attention grabbers.

When setting out your objectives to the audience at the beginning of your presentation, please avoid using arresting statements, facts, quotes, jokes, rhetorical questions, short stories or even a crystal clear statement of your objectives. These means of presenting will capture your listeners' attention and may even apply an interesting touch to your presentation. They may even allow you to smoothly set yourself up and lead into your presentation.

Verdict: Try **NOT** to use them at any cost.

Step 2: Do **NOT** use visual aids.

Visual prompts like PowerPoint presentations, sets of pictures and videos are only for amateurs. Why take the pressure off yourself and get your message across more easily? You are not a novice presenter! But, if you do decide to embellish your presentation with some visual aids, please do use as many as possible. They will grab your audience's attention and nobody will pay attention to what you are saying.

Verdict: Overloading your slides with pictures is a smart move!

Step 3: Do **NOT** be familiarized with the equipment available.

There is nothing worse than a presenter who knows how to operate the equipment needed for their presentation. Do not check if the speakers function properly. What is the point of doing something like that? After all, your audience should be in absolute silence. Then, make sure that your slides are not visible to everybody and use the smallest font size possible. This will definitely keep your audience on their toes.

Verdict: Make your presentation an unfriendly experience for your audience.

Step 4: Do **NOT** take care of your handouts.

You shouldn't care about the format of your handout or how it looks. You are a presenter not a material designer. Do not use a word processor to type your handout, use your pen instead. Give your personal touch to your handout.

So what if your handout is not well structured, organized or logical. This is not your fault. Your audience is made up of adults; they will know how to find their way through it! Also, notice that you can issue your handouts whenever you feel like it. Nobody rushes you. This is Your presentation.

Verdict: Distribute your messy handouts whenever you like.

Step 5: Do **NOT** plan your Presentation!

Who said that you have to spend hundreds of hours planning every stage of your presentation? Or even that you have to script your ideas and rehearse. No! These steps are trivial. When presenting you should sound as natural as possible, therefore you should avoid memorizing the key points you want





your audience to know. Be spontaneous and refer to any key point that crosses your mind while presenting. There is absolutely no need to link your ideas. A good way of presenting is to start with a summary of your main points, then proceed with details regarding your topic and end up greeting your audience and letting them know who you are. Moreover, you should not reveal the purpose and the duration of your presentation, it is supposed to be a TOP secret. Anyway, your audience will understand that they are dismissed when they see you exiting the conference room. Remember not to say goodbye to your audience.

Verdict: Unpreparedness is your best friend.

Step 6: Do **NOT** consider anything about your audience.

Once you've been accepted to present at a conference, you are instantly considered an expert on the matter you have suggested, therefore you don't have to think about what your audience expects to hear or already knows. Just start presenting and if any opposition arises, then ignore your objectors or even ask them rudely to leave the room. You know better; you have been selected to present...not them!

Verdict: Do not take into account your audience's needs

Step 7: Do **NOT** exceed audience's expectations.

First of all, your audience expects to see somebody who is most likely to be shaking like a leaf, biting their nails and perhaps twiddling their ring or hair. Plus, they expect their presenter to fill the awkward gaps with lots of "Ers". They do not like silence.

Second, you should prowl from one end of the stage to the other. Do not stand still. You need to keep them alert. This is the way.

Third, you should not keep eye contact with your audience; they may feel awkward. But if you decide to do so, please do stare at one person from your audience until they weep out with submission. Belittling others will boost your confidence!

Fourth, who says that your posture imposes any impact on your audience? Nonsense, you should place your hands in your pockets that's their rightful place or even put them behind your back. Do not let them assist you on emphasising the key points of your presentation. They will most probably distract your audience so hide them from their inquisitive look.

Last but not least, you should avoid going to bed early the night before your presentation. You must be tired and lethargic. Do not be enthusiastic about being there; show them that you would prefer to be in your bedroom sleeping tightly. Also, decide on what clothes you will wear at the last minute. Preferably, choose something casual so as to feel comfortable and relaxed. Do not comb your hair. You don't really want to look well-groomed. Finally, do not project your voice when presenting. Let your voice be flat and show to your audience that you are uninterested. You'll definitely win them over!

Verdict: The points listed above are the recipe for your success!

Just remember that first impressions really count so make sure you DO NOT follow the steps outlined above.

Theodore Lalos has been an EFL teacher for over five years. He is a TKT, CELTA, Diploma in Teacher Training and Diploma in TESOL holder. He has recently become a Breakout EDU Authorised Trainer and he is passionately interested in CLIL and lessons based on 21st century skills.

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*Making Meaning: Collective Concept Mapping

by Chrysa Papalazarou



It was our first day at school after Christmas break and we all looked a bit numb. There was a mixture of sadness that holidays had ended and happiness to see familiar faces again. We were also a bit tired and sleepy after a

two-week period of waking up late. I felt it was

important not overwhelm to right students from the getgo at 8:00 am Monday a on morning, but opt for a more openended. studentled activity that would encourage creative thinking.

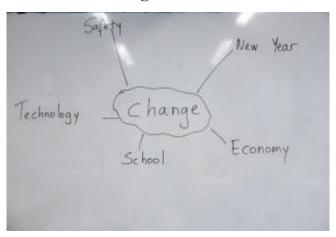


This post reflects on how we worked with two groups of sixth graders, mixed-ability A2-English learners, on the concept of "change" by using the thinking routine *Making Meaning*. The aim of the routine is to build collective meaning of words, ideas, concepts or events; a collective concept mapping. It is a new routine I had come across some time ago, but had not given it a try so far. I was a bit cautious not knowing how it was going to work with students. Yet, after having tried routines in my classes for a long time, I trusted in the results they can yield with students and the richness and originality of ideas they can trigger. In any case one can never find out until one tries and cautiousness was outweighed by curiosity and anticipation.

In our case the concept was "change" and it emerged after looking at a visual stimulus. It was a street art piece which read: Happy New Year. The change starts here.

We first discussed a bit what it showed and where it could be found. We identified that it was a street art piece, probably on a wall, and that the focus was the concept of change. Change was written in the centre of the board. The first step then was to ask students

1. Think of one word that you associate/ connect with change. Which word is this?



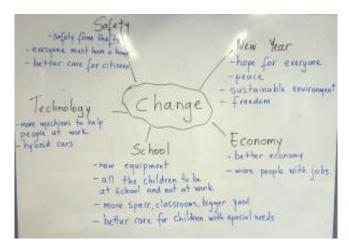
This was done as a whole class brainstorming activity and yielded some first tentative responses. Students came up with the words: New Year, school, safety, technology, economy.

As a second step I asked:

2. Now, can you think and add one more word or phrase under any of these four so as to tell me something more about it?

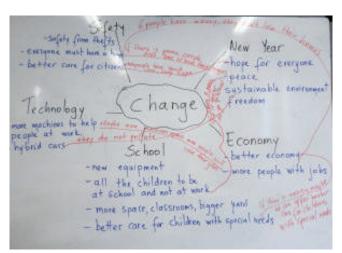
Students began to warm up and were able to contribute more ideas, there was greater participation and more words and phrases were added under the initial ones.

AROUND THE BLOGS



In the third step I asked them to:

3. Look at all the words and phrases we shared on the board. Can you see any connections? Think and tell me about them.



The third step found me coping with the practical issue of how to draw joining lines between the connections the children found and talked about, and how to write on those lines. It was quite an enjoyable stage as we were all taking notes, trying to accommodate on our concept maps the new information that came up from sharing ideas. It was also a moment that reveals so eloquently that thinking expands in multiple directions, it "does not happen in a linear manner" (Ritchhart et al., 2011).

In the fourth step I asked students to look at the collective concept mapping our board was displaying and think and ask any questions about the topics that had emerged: 4. Look at all our ideas shared on the board. Do you have any questions to ask about what we discussed?



We ended by adding some interesting questions:

I tried the routine with another class on that same first day at school after Christmas. I did not have the time though to take proper snapshots of our board so here are the few hasty ones I captured:



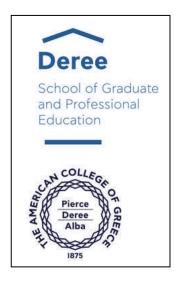


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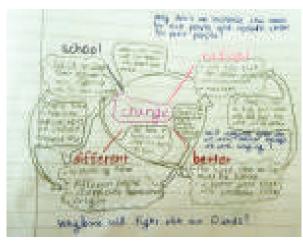


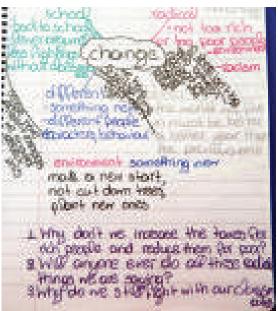
What kind of map is this?



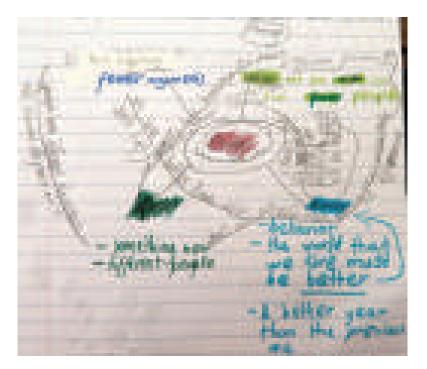


It was funny how on finishing with the four steps, students in both groups began making jokes about this kind of map they had in their notebooks, different for each one since their notes were personalized. Some of them had opted for a full diagram while a few others had opted for a mixture of diagram and listing ideas and questions as I noticed by a quick look at their notebooks. One student said that it was "a map not to find your way, but to get lost", another added "yes, to get lost in ideas and thoughts", a third remarked that "it's a map of all the different, nice ideas we had in our minds" while some others were explaining to their classmates how they were able to navigate themselves in their maps through lines, arrows, colours, boxes and clouds. I told them this was a concept map and the term seemed to stick in their minds.

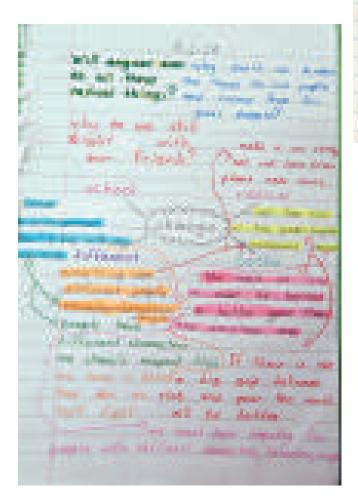




AROUND THE BLOGS



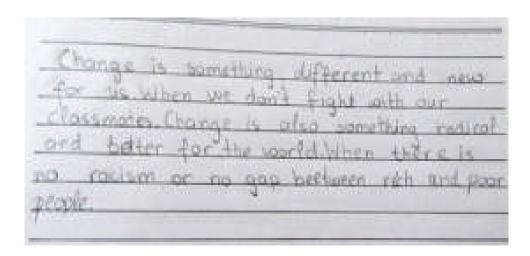
The new language that emerged out of the students' need to express their ideas while working on this routine was: connect with, associate with, concept map, economy, sustainable, equipment, space, hybrid, citizens, develop, thefts, special needs (first group) and connect with, associate with, concept map, radical, gap, reduce, increase, tax, racism, origin, argument (for the second group).



Change for the New year means peace and hope for everyone. It is also important for us that more people, have just so that everyone has a home. More and better schools for all the children in the world.

The proper wrapping up of the Making Meaning routine is that students come up with their own definition of the word, concept, topic being explored. We did not have much time to do this individually as the session was coming to an end so I asked children to hierarchize the most important elements for them and came up with a joint very short piece of writing.





I found it interesting how in both groups the routine facilitated the expression of a diversity of ideas that captured aspects of the issue ranging from the personal/school/local one to the wider "big global picture". They associated the concept of change not only with themselves, their school, their relationships with classmates, but also with the current state of unemployment in the country, feeling of insecurity, loss of homes and the more global issues related to sustainable environment, gap between rich and poor, racism, injustice, war/peace. Each one of the questions the students asked at the final step lends itself to a new circle of inquiry.

The Making Meaning routine helped smooth our way back into "school mode" and gain some energy after the Christmas-hibernation phase. It reminded me a lot of Chalk Talk, another routine that helps students build understanding collectively. For some pictures of classroom practice with the Chalk Talk routine you can have a look here and here.

Hope you have a Happy New Year.

References:

Ritchhart, R. Church, M. and Morrison, K. (2011) Making Thinking Visible: How to Promote Engagement, Understanding, and Independence for All Learners. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass.

Chrysa Papalazarou is an English teacher. Her special interest area is artful visual input and thinking development in teaching and learning English.

*This article first appeared on Chrysa's blog ArtLeast https://chrysapapalazarou.wordpress.com/



BOOKS

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Please use Times New Roman sized 12 fonts with 1.5 spacing. length is 1,400-1.600 words
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